

سكنا من الال

Five held in HK Bond case

By John Piddling in Hong Kong

Hong Kong's commercial crime bureau yesterday arrested and charged five people in connection with a long-running probe into the break-up of Mr Alan Bond's former corporate interests in the territory.

The bureau said charges of bribery and conspiracy to defraud followed a probe into the 1990 takeover of Bond Corporation International Holdings (BCIL) by Tomson Pacific, an investment group then headed by Mr Stanley Ho, the Macao casino and property entrepreneur.

A 1994 report into deals connected with the former commercial interests of Mr Bond, the Australian businessman, and a subsequent investigation, focused on whether companies had acted in concert with Tomson Pacific in the acquisition of World Trade Centre Group (WTC), once BCIL. In 1990, Tomson bought 34.5 per cent of WTC, just short of the 35 per cent level which would have triggered a general offer. Mr Bond's remaining stake in WTC, which was just over 30 per cent, was placed with 16 other buyers. Regulators suspected these buyers acted in concert with Tomson Pacific.

Tomson Pacific, which was renamed Pudong Development in 1994, is involved in property investment and development on the Chinese mainland, securities trading and investment holding.

The commercial crime bureau said those arrested have been charged with conspiracy to defraud, offering an advantage to an agent and accepting an advantage to an agent - official terms for bribery. They included Mr David Tong Cun-lin, Pudong Development managing director. In a court hearing later in the day, the five were fined on bail ranging from HK\$1m (\$128,000) to HK\$30m, with matching sureties. The case has been adjourned until August 27.

The investigation, which dates since early 1992, is seen as a test of the Hong Kong authorities' ability to prosecute complex cases of financial malpractice and comes on the heels of prosecutions in other long-running cases of alleged fraud. Last month, Mr Chim Pui-chung, representative of the financial services industry in Hong Kong's legislature, was charged with fraud and conspiracy to forge. Also last month, Mr Chan To-sun, former vice-chairman of the territory's stock exchange was charged with soliciting and accepting bribes.

Philippine exports: racing ahead of the neighbours



Philippines bucks the trend for slower export growth

When super-typhoon Angela struck the Philippines last November and caused enough devastation to the vital coconut and other farming businesses to push agricultural output into reverse, most people thought the damage would work its way through into the country's export figures.

It did. But it did not stop the Philippines from registering the fastest export growth in Asia this year. The lack of growth in the country's agricultural sector - previously the mainstay of Philippine exports - served only to mask the full strength of an upward trend in manufacturing exports.

"Five years ago we were so dependent on coconut and other agricultural exports that an event like the super-typhoon would have pushed total exports downwards," said Mr Sergio Luis Ortiz, president of the Philippine exporters confederation. Though down from last year's record 28 per cent growth - mirroring the downturn throughout the region - exports so far this year have grown 21 per cent. "Imagine what would have happened if the weather had been good," said Mr Luis Ortiz.

Receipts from coconut and coconut derivative shipments, the Philippines' third largest export, have dropped by 37 per cent since January. Exports of woodcraft and furniture, the sixth largest category, are stagnant. But earnings from electronics and electronic components, the country's largest export category, have grown by 55 per cent.

In other words, the Philippines is no longer a commodity-based economy. Regional economists say that the reason the Philippines has largely escaped the general slowdown in export growth is that it is at an earlier stage of economic development than most of its neighbours. Cheap electronics - only 30 per cent value is typically added to computers and semiconductor chips in the Philippines before re-export - and textiles and garments are competitively undercutting their more mature counterparts in the rest of south-east Asia.

At the same time, with 6.2 per cent gross national product growth in the first quarter of 1996 - up from 5.7 per cent for 1995 as a whole - the Philippines is one of the few economies in the region whose growth is accelerating. GNP growth is projected to reach 8 per cent by 1998 when neighbouring economies are expected to slow. "Thailand and Malaysia have reached the stage where they are no longer competitive in the less developed export industries like textiles and simple electronics," said Mr Neil Sakar, an economist at Crosby Securities in Singapore. "They are going through a transition stage. In contrast, the Philippines is beginning to take off at the lower value-added end so it is shielded from the global downturn affecting the others."

Cheap electronics and textiles give the edge to Asia's rising trade star, writes Edward Luce

making hard disk drives in Philippine special economic zones, has gathered pace over the last 12 months. Government economists are now talking about \$80bn in exports by 2000. The figure last year was \$16bn.

Not all, however, is rosy on the trade front. With imports continuing to outstrip exports at 25 per cent growth so far this year, the absolute trade deficit - as opposed to its relative proportion of GDP - has increased. Philippine economists know that the country must rapidly boost sluggish domestic savings if the investment/savings gap is not to widen further.

For the time being, though, strong remittances from Filipinos working abroad and healthy foreign direct and portfolio inflows have combined to keep the capital account in surplus of \$2.5bn for the first six months of 1996, some 3.5 per cent of GDP.

"What we would like to see is the gradual depreciation of the peso to kickstart our agricultural industry back to life," said Mr Luis Ortiz. "Admittedly this will have no effect on our electronics industry because of its dependency on imports, but it will give a much-needed boost to our impoverished rural population who continue to be plagued by bad luck."

Plant expansion by Japanese investors, including Matsushita, Fujitsu and Hitachi, all of whom are

Malaysia welcomes Burmese leader

Malaysia extended a full state welcome yesterday to the head of Burma's military government, stressing the determination of members of the Association of South-east Asian Nations (Asean) to embrace Rangoon despite western objections.

General Than Shwe, chairman of Burma's ruling State Law and Order Restoration Council (SLORC), was received by Malaysia's King Ja'afar Abdul Rahman in Kuala Lumpur's Parliament Square. He was given a 21-gun salute and inspected an honour guard of 108 troops.

The warm welcome is likely to irritate the European Union and the US which have criticised Burma's human rights record and its alleged tolerance of drug-trafficking activities.

They have also supported moves to isolate the military leadership in an effort to force democratic reform in the country. US pressure groups in particular have been at the forefront of a campaign to convince multinationals to withdraw from Burma.

Last month, Heineken, the Amsterdam-based beer multinational, announced its withdrawal from a \$90m brewery venture in Burma in face of intense public pressure. Its decision follows a similar move by Carlsberg of Denmark to abandon plans to build a brewery in Burma. But Asean, which groups Malaysia, Thailand, the Philippines, Singapore, Brunei, Vietnam and Indonesia, has made it clear it will not accept western influence on its policy towards Burma. Last month, Denmark called for trade sanctions against Burma, following the death in jail of its honorary consul.

Indonesia dissident arrested

Indonesia's authorities continued their crackdown of President Suharto's critics yesterday, arresting Mr Budiman Sujatmiko, the leader of a pro-democracy group (pictured left) and calling one of the country's most prominent authors in for police questioning. The summons and arrest are in relation to the pro-democracy rioting and looting which rocked Jakarta, the capital, last month. Analysts have accused the government of using the riots as a pretext to crackdown on political opposition ahead of next year's general elections. The July 27 riots started after police forcibly evacuated supporters of Ms Megawati Sukarnoputri, the ousted leader of the opposition Indonesian Democratic Party (PDI), from the party's headquarters in Jakarta.

Mr Pramudya Ananta Tur, a dissident author who has twice been nominated for a Nobel Prize, was called in for questioning yesterday. The arrest of Mr Sujatmiko, came after President Suharto had described a group he leads as "communist-like" and accused it of masterminding last month's riots.

India bars foreign press deals

The Indian government has ruled out the entry of foreign print media into India and will not allow foreign television networks to broadcast from Indian soil, the Press Trust of India said. "As long as we are there, we don't want any up-linking or entry of foreign media," Mr C.M. Ibrahim, information and broadcasting minister, told reporters in New Delhi. A government spokeswoman confirmed that the minister ruled out permission for foreign broadcasters and publishers to launch editions or open broadcast stations in India. The immediate backdrop to the government's decision is an attempt by the Financial Times, owned by Pearson, to acquire a stake in an Indian company that publishes a business daily, Business Standard.

Court delays Rao decision

India's Supreme Court yesterday put on hold proceedings against former prime minister P.V. Narasimha Rao on charges of fraud levelled against him by a businessman. The Supreme Court said it had still to decide whether the action to name Mr Rao as co-accused in the case was proper. The court postponed the final decision in the case to August 20. The former premier has been named as co-accused in the case filed by Mr Lakshubhai Pathak, a London-based foods businessman. Mr Rao has denied the allegations.

Action ordered on companies

By Edward Luce in Manila

The Philippine Supreme Court yesterday instructed government lawyers to resolve within 60 days the legal status of up to 400 companies sequestered by the state in the aftermath of the revolution which overthrew the late President Ferdinand Marcos a decade ago. The government alleges the sequestered shares, which include stakes in San Miguel, the Philippines' biggest beer company, and the Philippine Long Distance Telephone company (PLDT), its largest telecoms group, were gained by dishonest means by close associates of President Marcos.

The government claims that more than \$5bn was appropriated by the Marcos family between 1972 and 1986, most of it in bank accounts overseas.

After President Marcos' overthrow, the government set up the presidential commission on good government (PCGG), to administer the stakes in the companies, which since the sequestration were either partly or wholly controlled by government nominees. The PCGG has yet to submit one court action case against the former owners. The Supreme Court, which said the government must prove the shares were acquired on the basis of "illegotten wealth" or return the assets to their original owners, last month

ordered the PCGG to restore ownership of an island resort to Mr Alfredo Romualdez, brother of Imelda Marcos, the former first lady.

"The point about the sequestered assets is that it's not a hunt for gold: it's an attempt to establish rightful ownership," said Mr Ian Roberts, chief investment officer at Canada Sun Life Assurance in Manila, one of the largest investors in the Philippine capital market. "But you cannot indefinitely accuse people of wrongdoing without submitting any proof."

Lawyers at San Miguel, which is debarred from issuing new equity, have complained the protracted dispute has inflated the cost of its operations.

FIRST-HALF RESULTS

TAKING HURDLES WITH CONFIDENCE

INCOME BEFORE TAXES UP 14%

VEBA posted sales totaling DM 36.6 billion for the first half of 1996 and increased Group income before taxes over the previous year's level by 14% to DM 1,632 million.

The Group's earnings growth was primarily driven by the very strong performance in the Electricity Division, which recorded a notable rise in supply due to cold weather conditions and increased electricity exports. Chemicals' earnings remained below the figures reported for the year-earlier period which benefited significantly from the then positive economic climate; the silicon wafer business posted a significant improvement in earnings. The Oil Division's earnings were slightly under the previous year's level. While Trading/Transportation/Services produced markedly lower results due to adverse weather and economic conditions on the whole, the electronic systems and components distribution and energy services sectors generated significant earnings growth. As expected, Telecommunications closed the half with markedly higher startup losses than a year earlier.



INVESTMENTS UP 15% ON THE PREVIOUS YEAR

Capital expenditures outpaced the previous year's spending by DM 271 million to reach DM 2,089 million. Expenditures were primarily earmarked for Chemicals' expansion of wafer production capacities for the semiconductor industry and the

increase in RAAB KARCHER's shareholding in EBV ELEKTRONIK VERTRIEBSGESELLSCHAFT mbH in the electronic components distribution business.

OUTLOOK

Based on the overall positive development experienced in the first six months of 1996, reduced non-recurring charges and our continued efforts to improve cost structures and productivity, we look with confidence toward achieving significant earnings growth for the year as a whole. However, since we do not see the economy revitalizing in sectors affecting VEBA Group's activities over the course of the second half, we currently do not expect to maintain the earnings growth at the rate achieved in the first half of 1996.

If you would like a copy of the latest interim report, please contact: VEBA AG, Public Relations, Bennisgenplatz 1, 40474 Düsseldorf, Germany, Phone ++49 (211) 4579-367, Fax ++49 (211) 4579-532

Group Highlights	Jan. 1-June 30, 1995	Jan. 1-June 30, 1996	Change	
Sales	DM in millions	36,784	36,588	- 0.5%
Income Before Income Taxes	DM in millions	1,436	1,632	+ 13.6%
Capital Expenditures	DM in millions	1,818	2,089	+ 14.9%
Employees (Dec. 31, 1995/June 30, 1996)		125,158	123,255	- 1.5%



TECHNOLOGY

Tom Foremski on rival computer languages that create single programs to run on different systems

Inferno takes on Java



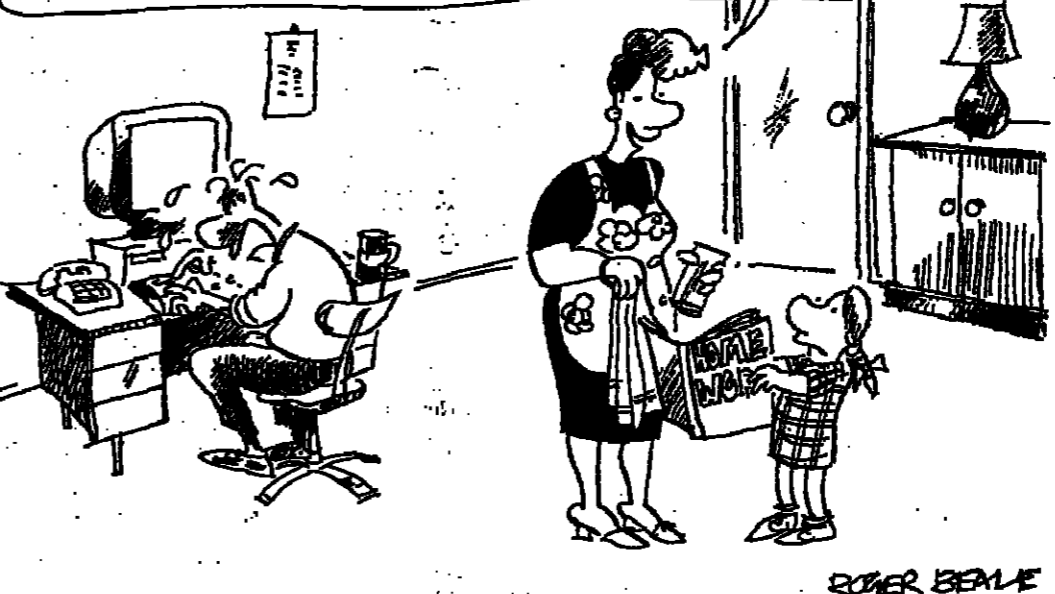
Sun Microsystems' Java programming language has taken the computer industry by storm because it allows programmers both to create a single software program that can run on different computer systems and use the Internet to distribute programs.

The Inferno operating system is designed to be very small, requiring just 1MB of memory, compared with operating systems such as Microsoft Windows 95 which require eight times as much memory.

programmers are working on creating Java-based programs. Inferno is very similar to a technology called Telescript from General Magic, of which AT&T was a big supporter not too long ago.

Telescript has, so far, failed to fulfil its initial promise, and AT&T has scrapped a communications network that featured support for Telescript. Skarzynski says a key factor behind the creation of Inferno was to develop a way of avoiding all the potential roadblocks that arise as different communications technologies converge.

YES I KNOW THE ANSWER TO THAT ONE DEAR-COMPUTER LANGUAGE! IS WHAT DADDY USES WHEN HIS PC IS PLAYING UP



PETER BEALE

Building blocks on the Internet

Geoff Nairn examines a computer-aided design solution for engineers

The phrase "paperless office" has a hollow ring to many engineers and architects, but a computer-aided design (Cad) system could overcome their scepticism and reduce the paper mountains.

The theory is fine, but implementation is not easy. Security is one challenge, another is compatibility. Cad suppliers traditionally use proprietary file formats, making it difficult to transfer Cad files between different systems.

The new approach for the Cad industry is object technology. Combined with the Internet, it could reduce the time designers spend in review meetings and improve their creativity.

Skarzynski believes there is plenty of room for both technologies. Inferno, he says, can be used to run Java applications and Lucent will offer Java support if customers request it.

This is the direction the industry is going: libraries of millions of objects that know how to adapt to their environment and with the Internet providing low-cost transactions.

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built is the communications, as these projects have become very complex," says Tomas Hernandez, associate partner with the New York-based architectural firm Kohn Pedersen Fox.

publish their drawings in a compressed format on the Web. The standard is proprietary, although AutoDesk offers it freely to others.

time to build Arcon from its present position as an Irish "junior" mining company into a medium sized international group.

pean, Middle East and African operations. In his new job Falotti, who will be based in Geneva and will report to Raymond Lane, Oracle's president and chief operating officer, will be senior vice-president responsible for managing all the group's regional operations.

Will, formerly a journalist with Borsen-Zeitung, the German business daily, arrives at DMG on the back of his acquaintance then with Ronald Schmitz, a Deutsche Bank board member with responsibility for investment banking.

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INTERNATIONAL PEOPLE

Easdaq names its overseers

Easdaq, the Belgian-based European version of Nasdaq that is due to begin trading at the end of September, last week named the market authority which will supervise its day-to-day operations.

O'Reilly jnr rises

Tony O'Reilly (junior) admits that his father, probably Ireland's best known businessman, helped him get his first job at Arcon International.

Oracle reshapes

Oracle, the world's second largest computer software company, last week named Pier Carlo Falotti, aged 54, to run its fast-growing Europe, Middle East and Africa division.

DMG bags Will

Markus Will, 32, European communications manager at Merrill Lynch, has joined Deutsche Morgan Grenfell as head of corporate communications worldwide.

ON THE MOVE

James Dorton, 40, becomes vice-president/treasurer of BOVAFER, the paper group, replacing David Maffucci who became chief financial officer last November.

Robert Genova, chairman; Donald Robertson, vice chairman, and Frank Cohen, chief financial officer, have resigned from the board of HUNGARIAN TELEPHONE AND CABLE.

Denise Root, who becomes international government affairs director.

German shareholders' lobby group DSW, has replaced Hans Peter Peters on the supervisory board of GEBREHEDER GLAS.

Poland. He succeeds Mark Greenquist, who moves to a senior position within GM Finance in the US.

International appointments Please fax information on new appointments and retirements to +44 171 873 3926, marked for International People.

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COMMENT & ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL
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Tuesday August 13 1996

Humiliation in Chechnya

Russia has got itself into an appalling mess in the mountainous border republic of Chechnya. The latest rout of its security forces by a few hundred determined rebels, who seized control of the ruined heart of Grozny, the Chechen capital, last week, serves only to demonstrate once again that this is an unwinnable war for both sides. A handful of rebels cannot hope to defeat the full force of Russian artillery and air power. But nor can Russia's demoralised, ill-equipped and disorganised troops hold territory that they have bombed into submission. The result is a bloody stalemate which leaves Chechnya devastated, and simultaneously undermines the whole political and economic reform process in Russia.

Mr Chernomyrdin has already demonstrated that he sees the need for pragmatism. Setting aside any question of military or national pride, the real importance of the rebellious republic for Moscow is that it sits astride the oil pipeline best able to carry oil to and through Russia from the future fields of the Caspian.

The Russian premier knows that any deal must allow the future Chechnya a solid slice of revenues from the transit traffic that is how peace can be bought. In exchange, Russia can reasonably demand guarantees of the free and unhindered flow of oil. That is also a solution that any foreign investor in the future oil fields will be looking for.

Mr Lebed may well be the man who can persuade his military comrades that getting from here to there will not be a sell-out. He also has to convince the Chechens. One option might be the Tatarstan solution: that republic, also Turkic and Moslem, opted for one day of outright independence, in which it voted for substantial powers of self-government, while allowing Moscow to retain control of defence and foreign affairs.

Pragmatic peace

At the same time, Mr Lebed's closest natural ally in seeking a pragmatic peace is Mr Victor Chirkoymyrdin, a Russian crime minister who is also his greatest rival for the ear of an ailing president. Both are on record in seeking an honourable

Real importance

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Mr Mintimer Shaimiyev, the Tatar leader, has consistently offered his good offices to negotiate a solution in Chechnya. Now is the time for Moscow to accept, and save itself from further pointless humiliation.

Competition on the railways

By the end of the summer, the Office of Fair Trading will need to decide whether to recommend that the Monopolies and Mergers Commission should investigate the audacious takeover of Porterbrook Lening, the rolling stock company, by Stagecoach, the bus and rail operator.

The OFT should press for a referral. Stagecoach's acquisition raises issues which go to the heart of rail privatisation; and a clear policy is now needed to preserve as much competition as possible.

It would be a particularly sensitive investigation. The dust has barely settled from the political battles which accompanied the break-up of British Rail. The government split BR into more than 50 separate units in the belief that a single organisation would be too big to attract bids from the private sector and would be incompatible with its desire to introduce competition into the network. Ministers will therefore be unhappy about acquisitions which seem to be recreating a monopoly in private hands.

The government and its advisers put much effort into devising the current tripartite rail industry composed of 25 franchised passenger rail service operators (including Stagecoach's South West Trains), three rolling stock leasing companies (among them Porterbrook, and Railtrack, which owns the track. However, the government always intended the system should be shaped by market forces - albeit under the eye of the rail regulator.

Regulator's role

The regulator has made a good start at supervising the industry, trying to cope with the competing requirements of protecting rail users' interests, encouraging rail network development, promoting competition and avoiding aspects in the privatisation programme. He is now consulting the industry about whether to ask the OFT to recommend a referral of the Stagecoach deal to the MMC. There are special reasons why it should be investigated. Stagecoach is a company which needs expansion in the bus market which has attracted the attention of the OFT a record 24 times. The MMC has condemned its anti-competitive behaviour as "deplorable" and "predatory".

Reluctant to bear the burden

In the UK even pro-European business executives are sceptical about the direction of EU social policy, says Stefan Wagstyl



Sir Stanley Kalms, chairman of Dixons Group; Michael Meyer, chairman of Emes; Christopher Haskins, chairman of Northern Foods; Sir Colin Marshall, chairman of BA

The market's effectiveness. They do not believe it should be legislating on employment-related social issues. As Mr Peter Reid, European affairs co-ordinator at the Engineering Employers Federation, says: "There is no need for a single labour market as a corollary of the single market."

The debate over the social chapter is often confused. The words apply to the social protocol of the Maastricht treaty which empowers the EU to pass employment-related legislation; it is from this protocol that the UK opted out. So far, the EU has passed two social chapter directives - one obliging larger companies with international operations to establish European-wide works councils for employee consultation and another requiring employers to grant parents (unpaid) leave following the birth of a child.

As well as being concerned about costs, British industry is worried about the underlying philosophy of EU social legislation. Mr Reid at the EEF says there is a cultural gap between continental countries with laws based on the Napoleonic Code, which are used to obeying top-down directives, and Britain, which has a flexible tradition of common law. "We object to the social chapter not on cost (because the directives passed so far create little extra cost) but on principle. We are afraid of interference in the name of politics."

OBSERVER

Homing in on the range

What is it about Wyoming? With fewer than half a million residents, it's the least populated US state. And although the retail giant J.C. Penney started there, Wyoming was never mistaken for a financial centre.

Now, however, it's apparently living up to its nickname as the "Cowboy State" - through minus the rodeos. Wyoming appears to have become a favourite homestead for promoters of UK pyramid schemes. You are as likely these days to find an English court wrestling with Wyoming law as with a Liechtenstein trust.

Hot research from the Luxembourg-based boffins purports to show that the EU beat the world - well, almost - at the Atlanta Olympics. Individual EU states like the UK may lament their pitiful performance, but the Union's total medal haul of 229 represented 6.16 medals per 10m population, says Eurostat. That beat Russia's 4.27, the US on 3.84, Japan with 4.12, and China's measly 0.41 - though it trailed Canada's 7.43, and was far short of Australia's 22.78. In

gold medals, the EU won 2.02 per 10m people, ahead of everyone except Australia.

On gold medal ratios, best performers by far were Iceland (8.37) and Denmark (7.65). Worst by far, on 0.17, was the UK. It all reminds Observer of the old saw about how a statistician uses numbers like a drunk uses a lamp post - for support rather than illumination.

Human mystery

Cuba's veteran president Fidel Castro, 70 today, says he doesn't like personality cults. While towns, squares and streets across the island bear the names of martyrs of the Cuban Revolution, Fidel - as he is popularly known - has ordered that nothing should be named after him while he's still alive - an instruction that has been scrupulously followed.

That hasn't prevented some Cuban state newspapers marking the occasion by building some verbal monuments. The communist youth weekly Juventud Rebelde has published an eight-page supplement of homage, including the following: "Being close to Fidel, even if it happens just once in your life, certainly gives you a special strength to overcome everything... His words contain many keys to decipher human mysteries of the

it comes to negotiations." Mr Michael Meyer, managing director of Emes, the lighting and alarm maker which has staff in France and Germany as well as the UK, is as critical as anyone of over-rigid labour laws. But he says: "The opt-out was clear error of judgment. In two or three years we will be clamouring to get back in."

Ms Samantha Baer, policy adviser of the Institute of Management, which represents 70,000 middle managers, says: "Staying out is damaging British interests." She claims British companies are already reporting difficulties in negotiating long-term ventures on the continent.

Also, potential foreign investors in the UK might be put off if social chapter disputes increase the division between the UK and the rest of the EU. Mr John Bridge, chief executive of the Northern Development Company, the north's investment promotion agency, says: "Whether Britain is in the EU or not is a critical issue."

These worries are shared privately by some executives at leading multinationals, particularly those active in the EU. But they tend to express their concerns about the anti-EU drift in British policy in attacks on Tory Eurosceptics - not on government decisions such as the opt-out. As one CBI official says: "With the election coming, no-one wants to put their head above the parapet."

But the sense that some multinational boardrooms may be uncomfortable with the opt-out is outweighed by the increasingly outspoken support for the government's approach from many others in British business. As the CBI's Sir Colin Marshall says: "While some big companies with direct contact with the EU have flexible positions, among small and medium-sized companies attitudes are hardening."

This is the second in a series on the social chapter and the UK

100 years ago

Manchester Ship Canal Those who despair of the Manchester Ship Canal ever being more than an expensive engineering freak may take a crumb of comfort from the United States Consular reports for July. The Consul at Manchester is of the opinion that the direct trade of the States with the great cotton city will materially increase before long. The consul further remarks, somewhat dryly perhaps, that as Manchester has to pay for the Canal the great merchants and warehousemen will all become advocates for increased traffic. But, unfortunately, between advocacy and possession there is a great gulf fixed, as the Canal has hitherto found.

50 years ago

Indian Business Men in UK Seeking British goods for India, a group of Indian business men and manufacturers reached Liverpool yesterday in the Franconia. It is reported that they may spend here £200,000. The manager of four big factories in India and Malaya wants to buy a mill here so that he can speed up deliveries to his factories. Others of the group are in search of textiles, industrial and agricultural machinery, wines, spirits and brassware.

"Japan, Inc. has no magic management system. There is simply no substitute for a conscientious work force."



FINANCIAL TIMES COMPANIES & MARKETS

Tuesday August 13 1996

KYOCERA, world leader in high-tech ceramics, continually develops new uses for its technology in the IT and automotive industry, medicine, electronics and metal processing.

IN BRIEF

Bayer improves 13% in first half

Bayer, the German pharmaceuticals and chemicals group, lifted pre-tax profits 13 per cent in the first half to DM2.7bn (\$1.83bn).

Ebner decides against UBS appeal

Mr Martin Ebner (left), the Swiss financier, announced a tactical retreat in his long-running battle over the corporate governance of Union Bank of Switzerland.

around the time of its extraordinary general meeting on November 22 1994. But Mr Ebner is continuing with other legal actions against UBS and its chairman, Mr Robert Studer.

Stansky raises Magellan equity holdings Mr Bob Stansky, manager of Fidelity Investment's Magellan Fund, the largest mutual fund in the US, increased its equity holdings in June.

Injection sought ahead of SFP sale Mr Walter Butler, former head of the French office of the US investment bank Goldman Sachs and sole candidate to acquire Societe Francaise de Production, the audio-visual group controlled by the French state, has demanded a FF1.2bn (\$300m) recapitalisation as part of the deal.

German banks look to the east Last year, German exports to eastern Europe were bigger than to the US and more direct investments went there from Germany than to south-east Asia.

Lombard outlines plans for hotels The UK conglomerate Lombard's Princess Metropolitan Hotels, which is heading for a £800m-£700m (\$936m-\$1.08bn) flotation, is poised to spend £1.5m to make the London Metropole Europe's biggest conference hotel.

Maize forecast sparks fresh price surge The rally in Chicago grain and soybean prices found new life after the US Department of Agriculture said this year's maize harvest would be a disappointing 8.6bn bushels against analysts' forecasts of about 9bn bushels.

Companies in this issue

Table listing companies and their share prices, including Allianz, Arcor International, BAA, BAT Industries, BBV, BK Vision, BSKVB, Barclays, Bayer, Brown & Root, CRH, Cantab Pharm, Dava Bank, Deutsche Morgan Gren, Deutsche Telekom, Dowty, Plastech, Galathea Fontaneda, Hanson, Hellene Shipyards, Henkel, Houston Industries, Kipit, Kirloskar, Kvaerner, Lombard, Magellan Fund, Mosaur, and Microsoft.

Market Statistics

Table showing market statistics such as Annual report, FT-SE Actuaries Index, Benchmark Govt bonds, Bond futures and options, and various market indices.

Chief price changes yesterday

Table showing chief price changes for various companies and indices, including Dow Jones Industrial Average, Nikkei 225, and various regional indices.

Houston Industries buys NorAm

By Richard Tomkins in New York

The rapidly consolidating US energy industry saw two more multi-billion dollar mergers yesterday - one involving an unusual link between an electricity utility and one of the biggest US gas companies.

Separately, New Jersey-based Atlantic Energy and Delaware Power & Light in neighbouring Delaware said they had agreed to merge in an all-paper deal that would create an electricity group with a market value of about \$2.2bn.

Utilities, the electricity group, announced plans to buy Enserch, a Dallas-based natural gas company, for \$550m in stock and \$1.15bn in debt.

Utilities, the electricity group, announced plans to buy Enserch, a Dallas-based natural gas company, for \$550m in stock and \$1.15bn in debt.

combined company to provide the bundled gas and electric products and services that customers wanted, Mr Jordan said.

Bombay exchange to get revamped index

By Tony Tassell

India's most prominent stock market indicator, the BSE 30 index, is to be recast in an attempt to reflect the deep shifts in the profile of the country's capital markets over the past few years.

Analysts upgrade full-year estimates after strong first half

By Jane Martinson in London

WPP, the world's largest marketing services group, confirmed its recovery after a disastrous start to the decade with a strong interim performance and better than expected pre-tax profits.

WPP beats top forecasts with 40% profits rise

By Jane Martinson in London

WPP, the world's largest marketing services group, confirmed its recovery after a disastrous start to the decade with a strong interim performance and better than expected pre-tax profits.

Europe telecom mergers up after deregulation

By Paul Taylor in London

The number of mergers and acquisitions in the European telecommunications market grew 12 per cent to 67 in the first half of 1996 and were worth \$6.4bn, according to Broadview Associates, the technology M&A specialists.

Tobacco shares slide on verdict

By Richard Tomkins in New York and Roderick Oram in London

Tobacco stocks tumbled in London and New York yesterday as markets reacted to Friday's landmark verdict by a Florida jury awarding damages of \$750,000 to a lung cancer patient and his wife.



Martin Sorrell will receive first tranche of his share incentive package next month if the shares stay above 198p

House broker Panmure Gordon upgraded its full-year profit forecast to £150m, its third upgrade since January.

Mr Martin Sorrell, chief executive, said the group was still considering what to do with its "surplus liquidity".

The group declared an interim dividend of 0.56p a share, up 25 per cent.

Shares in Hanson, owner of cigarette maker Imperial Tobacco, slipped 3/8p to 165p.

London analysts were divided on the impact the ruling would have on the share price of Imperial Tobacco when it is demerged from Hanson in October.

Imperial sells no cigarettes in the US. Although its lack of exposure to US litigation should be positive, the company will have to address the issue of adverse sentiment as it does the rounds of institutional investors, one analyst said.

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COMPANIES AND FINANCE: EUROPE

NEWS DIGEST

Brown & Root in Greek deal

Brown & Root, the UK engineering and project management group, has signed a five-year contract to manage Hellenic Shipyards, the loss-making Greek yard which was restructured earlier this year on terms agreed with the European Union.

Tele Danmark wins contract

Tele Danmark, the Danish telecommunications operator, has won a contract to update Unibank Markets' dealing room. The value of the contract was not disclosed.

Allianz sells stake in AKV

Allianz, the German insurer, has sold its 12.5 per cent stake in Allgemeine Kreditversicherung (AKV) to Rewe-Handelsgruppe. Allianz said the sale was carried out to comply with the wishes of European competition authorities, who ordered the sale in connection with its pending acquisition of Hermes Kreditversicherungs from Munich Re.

BBV plans Mexican injection

Banco Bilbao Vizcaya, the Spanish bank, plans to invest Ptas2.5bn (\$49.6m) to integrate the recently acquired branches of Mexico's Banca Cremi and Banco de Oriente into its own network, according to press reports. Last week, BBV paid Ptas2.65bn for the 159 branches, which will increase its Mexican network to 309. The full integration of the new branches is expected to take place before the end of 1997.

Nabisco expands in Spain

Nabisco Iberia, the RJR Nabisco Holdings unit, has acquired Galletas Fontaneda, a Spanish biscuit company, for an undisclosed sum. Following the purchase, Nabisco Iberia said it would control 26 per cent of the biscuit market in Spain, where it already owns the local companies Artisch and Marbu.

Injection sought ahead of SFP sale

The candidate to acquire Societe Francaise de Production, the audio-visual group controlled by the French state, has demanded a FF1.2bn recapitalisation as part of the deal. Mr Walter Butler, former head of the French office of the US investment bank Goldman Sachs, has offered to buy SFP for FF50m (\$9.6m) and to assume its FF250m in debt, on condition that the government injects new money to cover past losses.

He says his offer, which is believed to be the only one submitted, would save the group and preserve many of its staff, and allow it to be back in profit by 1999. The government last month announced its intention to privatise SFP by a trade sale, which provoked union anger and led to accusations that it had committed itself to a restructuring plan and job losses without prior discussion.

Mr Butler, who acquired and restructured the HDPD advertising group in 1993, has pledged to preserve the maximum number of jobs at SFP, while stressing that his offer includes a FF600m restructuring provision to be undertaken by the state and which is widely expected to be used for job cuts. In an apparent mark of protest, unions cancelled a meeting with Mr Butler on Friday, although he expressed his continued willingness to discuss his proposals with every single employee if necessary.

Bayer 13% advance meets expectations

Henkel, the German chemicals group, lifted earnings by 5 per cent in the half-year to June, in spite of "high competitive pressures" in the European detergents market, writes Jenny Luesby. Group sales climbed by 13.1 per cent to DM5.04bn (\$5.43bn) as a result of acquisitions, which included the first-time consolidation of cosmetics producer Schwarzkopf, bought from Hoechst last year.

Sales in the cosmetics and bodycare division almost doubled to DM1.5bn following the consolidation of Schwarzkopf. In the adhesives and technical chemicals division, sales climbed by 16 per cent to DM1.1bn, also as a result of acquisitions. Pre-tax profits in the period rose by 5 per cent to DM397m.

Mr Hans Dietrich Winkhaus, chairman, said the group had written off DM400m in goodwill in the first half, and expected to charge a similar amount in the second half. He remained confident that the group would meet its targets for double-digit sales growth this year, and slower profit growth. However, in spite of the fillip from acquisitions, this outcome would depend on an improved consumer climate in Europe and further economic improvements in the US and Asia, the group said.

In line with its expectations, the group said. It still expected to achieve sales growth of 6 per cent for the full year, and a 10 per cent rise in pre-tax income. These forecasts were based on current exchange rates and assumed a modest recovery in the chemical markets, especially in Europe, Bayer said. Sales rose by 3 per cent in Europe in the first half, to DM1.45bn, or 58.7 per cent of group turnover.

In North America, sales grew by 20 per cent. Half of this rise was due to acquisitions, the group said, and the stronger dollar also had a positive effect. Latin American sales grew by 15 per cent, to DM1.5bn, but sales in Asia, Africa and Australasia fell, due to the weakness of the yen.

Partial retreat by Ebner in battle with UBS

Mr Martin Ebner, the Swiss financier, yesterday announced a tactical retreat in his long-running battle over the corporate governance of Union Bank of Switzerland, the country's biggest banking group. He is not to appeal against last month's refusal by a Zurich court to launch a special investigation into UBS's purchases of its own shares around the time of its extraordinary general meeting on November 22 1994.

The outcome of this meeting, which agreed to the creation of a single class of bearer share, has been the main area of contention between Mr Ebner and the UBS management. Mr Ebner, whose effective voting power was curtailed by the proposed new share structure, is seeking to have the decision of the meeting annulled in a separate court case, which is still pending before the commercial court in Zurich. The outcome is important for UBS since it is delaying the modernisation of its share structure, which

in turn limits its capital raising ability. Mr Ebner said yesterday that it had taken nearly two years for the Swiss courts to rule on his request for a special investigation and the result of any appeal would not be known before 1998. However, despite his recent legal setbacks, he appears determined to press on with his battle. His main attack centres on his court challenge of the results of the 1994 EGM.

However, he has also asked the Zurich district attorney to bring criminal charges against Mr Robert Studer, the UBS chairman, for alleged wilful mismanagement, and last month he took the first step to challenge the election of directors at the bank's last annual meeting. The long-running battle is sometimes dismissed as little more than a personality feud between Mr Ebner, a rising star on the Swiss financial scene, and Mr Studer, one of the old guard.

Mr Ebner is UBS's biggest shareholder by virtue of his control of BK Vision, an investment fund which has 70 per cent of its assets invested in UBS. UBS shares have underperformed those of its rival Swiss banks in recent years and BK Vision's shares have started to underperform the Swiss market this year. To date, BK Vision shares are not trading at a discount to net asset value. But if they did, it would indicate that investors were losing faith in Mr Ebner's money-making skills. Mr Ebner probably has more to lose than UBS in the outcome of this legal marathon.

German banks offer an umbrella to E Europe

It was an old joke, but it still raised a laugh. When Mr Hilmar Kopper, chairman of Deutsche Bank, was in Budapest at the recent opening of its subsidiary there, he used the Mark Twain quip about a banker being like someone who lends you an umbrella when the sun shines and takes it away when it rains.



He quickly added, however, that Germany's biggest bank was in Hungary for the long term. It would not snatch its umbrella away in difficult times. The business potential in central and eastern Europe is enormous, the Bundesbank, the German central bank, said in its latest monthly report. Prospects are brightest in Poland, Hungary and the Czech Republic, the main "reform countries", and in Slovakia, Slovenia and the Baltic states. But banks are also keeping a close eye on areas where economic progress is less well advanced.

"The activities of German banks in eastern Europe stem in part from the last century," says Mr Eugen Schuba, head of the east European department at Deutsche Bank. "These countries are neighbours we have known for a long time." Figures from the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development show German banks have advanced the largest volume of commercial bank loans to the region, followed by the Netherlands, France, the US and Austria. Banks from these and other countries are active in eastern Europe, but not in the same depth as the German institutions. ING Barings and ABN Amro, of the Netherlands, have built up a substantial presence, as have Citibank, of the US, and Austrian banks.

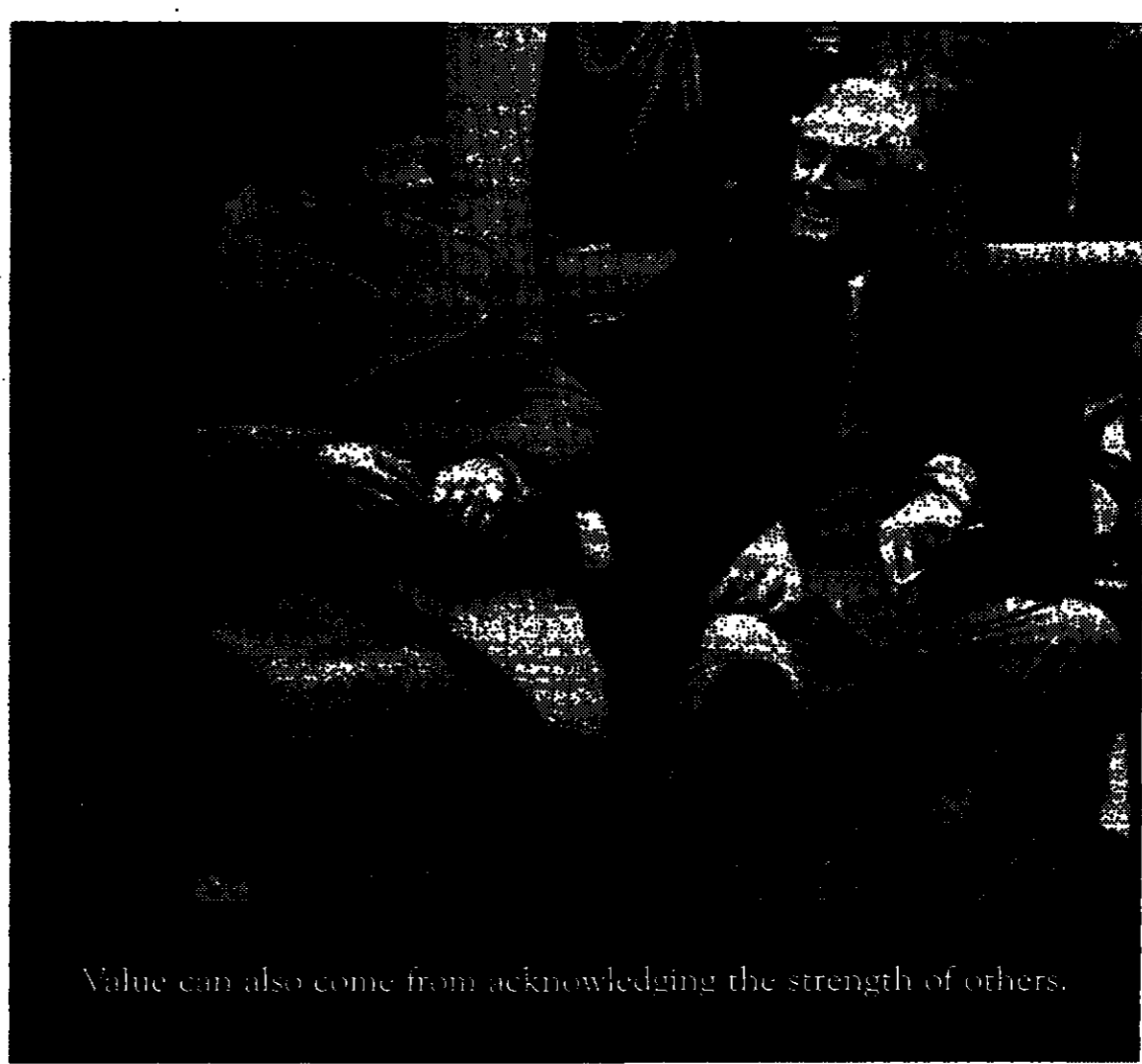
Yet, as the Bundesbank stated, economic ties between Germany and the region are growing especially fast. Last year, German exports there were bigger than to the US. Where business goes, the banks go, too. "One of our functions is to follow our customers abroad, or even be there before them, and assist them," says Mr Hans-



Hilmar Kopper, chairman of Deutsche Bank

Heinrich Matthias, head of Dresdner Bank's corporate and international division. As Mr Martin Kohlhausen, chairman of Commerzbank, said in a recent speech, "there is a clear west-east gradient among the central and eastern European reform countries". The most progress had been made in Poland, the Czech Republic, Hungary and Slovenia, while Russia and the other former Soviet states were at the other end of the scale. The further east that German banks go, the more cautiously they proceed. "We do not open a subsidiary in places where we feel the banking system is under-developed," says Mr Hubert Pandza, head of the eastern Europe/central Asia department at Deutsche Bank. "German companies are very keen to work in eastern Europe," he says. But to help realise the economic and trade potential in such countries, patience is paramount. "We are relationship-oriented, not just deal-oriented," Mr Pandza says. Many German companies are taking advantage of lower wage costs in neighbouring eastern European countries to increase compo-

Andrew Fisher



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COMPANIES AND FINANCE: UK

Lonrho outlines future for hotels

By Ross Toman and Scheherazade Daneshkhu

Princess Metropole Hotels, the Lonrho business heading for a \$600m-£700m flotation...

improving occupancy. The flotation will be marketed in Britain, continental Europe, and the US...

head the African business and take a 20-25 per cent stake in it. Mr Bock said the flotation...

rates were 66.2 per cent and the average room rate was \$57.80. Both were below the industry average...

African trading business. Princess Metropole will probably float some weeks earlier than Thistle hotels...

BBC talks with Flextech

By Raymond Snoddy

The BBC is in advanced negotiations with Flextech, the European programme subsidiary of Tele-Communications of the US...

The Flextech channels range from TCC - The Children's Channel - to Bravo, the channel that until recently marketed itself as "time warp television"...

The BBC has a huge programme library and has been looking at the potential of launching new subscription channels for some time...

Nevertheless, Mr Edwards remains optimistic. "As the industry consolidates it will not need more than 20 major suppliers," he predicts...

A marriage of necessity

Tim Burt on the joint venture between Dowty and Messier

CRH in moves to expand

By Simon London

CRH, the Dublin-based building materials group, has unveiled a batch of acquisitions and capital spending projects in the UK, US and mainland Europe...

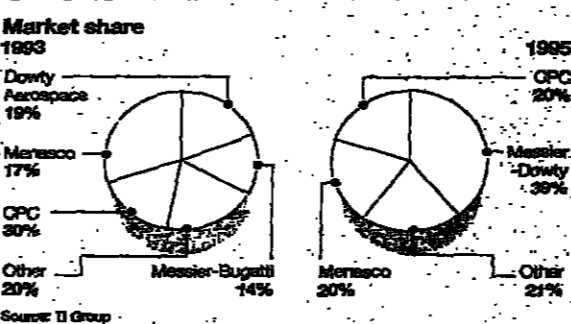
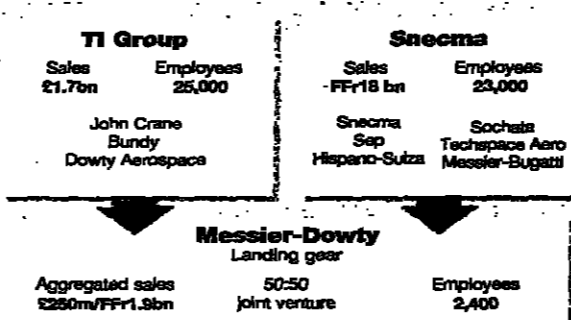
The largest investments are in Utah, where the group has bought an aggregate and ready-mix concrete business for £10.5m...

Indeed, Messier, a subsidiary of French aero-engine group Snecma, was already working with Monaco of the US, while Dowty, acquired by TI in 1992...

Such moves are an essential part of joint ventures: knowing when to compromise in the expectation of gains around the corner...

The TI negotiators, for example, compromised on the name Messier-Dowty and the choice of logo...

Messier-Dowty: taking off



Templeton Global Strategy Sicas. Dividend announcement. Templeton Global Strategy Sicas will pay dividends to the shareholders of the following Funds as of record on August 8, 1996...

Birmingham Midlands Building Society. £150,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 1999. The notes will bear interest at 6% per annum for the interest period 9 August 1996 to 11 November 1996...

Notarization Holders of EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK Italian Lira 250 Billion Floating Rate Notes Due 2000.

COMMERZBANK OVERSEAS FINANCE N.V. USD 150,000,000 Subordinated Collared Floating Rate Guaranteed Notes Due 2005.

Swire Pacific. 1996 Interim Results Highlights - unaudited. Profit attributable to shareholders US\$392M +6%. Earnings per share 24.71¢ +6%.

Table with columns for Year, Profit, Revenue, and other financial metrics for various years from 1986 to 1996.

Notice of the Extraordinary General Meeting to be held on Friday, August 30, 1996. The Extraordinary General Meeting will be held on Friday, August 30, 1996, at 2.30 p.m. at rue du Port Neuf, 17, 1000 Brussels (Belgium).

fortis AG. Notice of the Extraordinary General Meeting to be held on Friday, August 30, 1996. Agenda includes: 1. Buyer's option granted by Fortis AG to Fortis AMEV...

Notes: 1. Amounts per share refer to 'A' shares. Entitlements of 'B' shareholders are in proportion 1 to 5 compared with those of 'A' shareholders.

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Handwritten note in Arabic: صيدا من الامم

COMPANIES AND FINANCE: UK

Smith & Nephew up in difficult market

By Jenny Luesby

Smith & Nephew yesterday outperformed its competitors in the tough medical equipment market with a 6 per cent increase in first-half pre-tax profits.

Excluding exceptionals, pre-tax profits rose to £90.8m (£141.6m) in the six months to June 29, on sales up 7 per cent at £539.4m.

Mr John Robinson, chief executive, said operating margins had improved from 17 per cent to 17.5 per cent, despite tough conditions in the US healthcare market.

However, the pre-tax margin slipped to 15.8 per cent, against 17 per cent last time when it was buoyed by gains from currency arbitrage.

In the US, where sales volumes increased by 4 per cent, but prices fell by 3 per cent, the group maintained margins through cost-cutting. It expects the US market to remain tough for at least the next two years.

UK sales growth also appeared to slow down in the first half, with volumes up 4 per cent compared with 14 per cent last time. This was largely due to restructuring in medical equipment wholesaling, said Mr Robinson.

Wholesalers based in continental Europe were now responsible for a greater share of UK sales. At the same time, consolidation had led to stock reductions. The group expected UK sales growth to accelerate again in the second half.



John Robinson (left) with his deputy, Chris O'Donnell

Meanwhile, it was continuing to gain market share in all markets, said Mr Robinson.

In Europe, where sales rose by 9 per cent, once the effect of currency movements, disposals and acquisitions had been removed, the French and Spanish markets were now recovering.

In Asia, excluding Japan, sales growth accelerated to 30 per cent. The group's annual sales target for Asia is £100m by 2000, and a third

of group turnover by 2010.

By product, the fastest growing businesses were wound management, casting and support, endoscopy and consumer products, all of which achieved underlying sales growth of 6 per cent.

In the first half, net debt fell by £21m, cutting gearing from 20 per cent to 14 per cent. Net cash flow rose to £14.8m (£9.8m).

Before exceptionals, earnings per share rose 6 per cent to 5.6p (5.23p).

Kept keeps portfolio secret

By Roger Taylor

Kleinwort European Privatisation Investment Trust is attempting to prevent details of its investment portfolio leaking to the market ahead of its likely liquidation.

Companies bidding to take over the £500m (£780m) trust to handle its break-up or restructuring are being asked to sign confidentiality agreements covering the shares it holds.

Merrill Lynch, Kept's broker, is worried that prices for Kept's holdings will be marked down if the information leaks to the market. This secrecy presents problems for bidders, as they will be unable to get quotes from marketmakers for the trust's likely sell-off value. Kieven companies are competing to handle the break-up of Kept, which became inevitable after TR European Growth launched a hostile bid. Treg is an investment trust managed by Henderson Touche Remnant.

Kleinwort Benson - Kept's current manager - Deutsche Morgan Grenfell, and Guinness Flight have all confirmed they will put forward proposals.

Kleinwort Benson and Guinness Flight, which manages a unit trust investing in privatisations worldwide, are proposing unitising the fund. Fidelity, Fleming and five other companies are also considering a move.

Treg's offer is the only one on the table so far. It will pay cash worth 99.25 per cent of the proceeds of selling Kept's portfolio after deducting bid costs.

The board of Kept is concerned that TR's proposals are too expensive.

Davidson favourite for Telewest

By Raymond Snoddy

Mr Stephen Davidson, the acting chief executive of Telewest, the largest cable operation in the UK, is likely to become chief executive of the £1.5m company.

He would be one of the few British executives at the very top of the UK cable industry, which is largely dominated by North American companies.

The vacancy has been created by the unexpected departure earlier this month of Mr Alan Michels, more than a year before the end of his three year contract.

Mr Davidson, who is 41, is at present chief financial officer of Telewest, which is controlled by TCI of Denver, the largest cable company in the US, and US West, the regional telephone company.

Telewest has put the chief executive's job out to search consultants, but Mr Davidson, who has worked for both NM Rothschild and Chemical Bank, is seen as firm favourite. With the knowledge of the Telewest board, Mr Davidson has



Stephen Davidson: will put more emphasis on marketing

begun recruiting a replacement as chief finance officer. Mr Davidson said yesterday that he intended to place greater emphasis on marketing and promoting the message that the cable industry can provide everything from entertainment, telecommuni-

cations and data through a single pipe into the home.

The company would increase its spending on marketing by more than 75 per cent next year to £25m-£30m and further increases are expected after that.

Mr Davidson believes that

Telewest and other cable companies will enter the digital market soon after British Sky Broadcasting launches its planned 200-channel service in the last quarter of 1997.

He says that two things digital can provide - near-video-on-demand for films, and top sports events on a pay-per-view basis - will "capture the public imagination".

One of the things that Mr Davidson will have to deal with if he is confirmed in his post is the move towards consolidation in the British cable industry. There have been informal soundings between Telewest and Nynex CableComms which will probably continue. But key issues of price, who would control the dominant organisation, or the tax implications, have not yet been considered in any detail.

Mr Michels, who successfully floated Telewest on the London and New York stock exchanges and took over UK cable company, SBC CableComms, last year, will return to the US next month.

BAA passenger volumes improve

BAA, the airports group, handled a monthly record of 9.7m passengers in July, an increase of 1.3 per cent over the same month last year, writes Geoff Dyer.

However, the group said

that the threatened strike by British Airways pilots resulted in a net loss of 75,000 passengers and a 0.3 per cent drop in passengers at Heathrow, the UK's largest airport.

BAA said that without the strike and the fact that July this year contained one fewer weekend than last, the underlying growth rate would have been 3 per cent.

The July figures revealed a 15 per cent drop in short-haul charter traffic, which BAA said was the result of the continued weakness of the Mediterranean package holiday sector.

Table with columns: RESULTS, Turnover (£m), Pre-tax profit (£m), EPS (p), Current payment (p), Date of payment, Dividends Corresponding dividend, Total for year, Total last year. Rows include SPP, Cantab Pharms, Henderson Admin, London Finance, London Industrial, Sest, Smith & Nephew, WPP, Investment Trusts, US Smaller.

Proteus chief moves to Cantab Pharmaceuticals

By Daniel Green

Cantab Pharmaceuticals, the Cambridge-based biotechnology company, is appointing Mr Jurek Sikorsky as chief executive.

He currently holds the same post at Manchester rival, USM-traded Proteus International.

Mr Sikorsky, whose background is in drugs marketing, replaces Mr Paul Haycock who is moving to Apex, a London venture capital group.

In the US marketing people often take over from start-up specialists as a biotech company's products near the market, but the move is unusual in the UK biotech sector.

Proteus shares fell 5p to 65p.

In stock market terms, the two companies could hardly be more different. Cantab, whose projects are on track, has been one of the best performers in the sector over the past year; Proteus, whose main products are further from the market, one of the worst.

Mr David Gratton, currently non-executive chairman at Proteus, takes on the executive role until a new chief executive is recruited. He said: "We're surprised that Jurek is doing this but he's had an attractive offer we were not in a position to match."

Cantab, he said, was "further down the track"

towards commercialising its products in development.

It published a first-half net loss yesterday of £3.7m (£5.8m), against £3.54m.

In common with other companies, Cantab will make losses for several years until its drugs in research make it to the market.

The company more than quadrupled its cash balances in the month after the period end. On 8 July 1996, an equity placing to European institutional investors netted £25.7m through the issue of 4.2m new shares at 65p. Also in July, Cantab formed a collaboration with Smith-Kline Beecham Biologicals Manufacturing to develop and market Cantab's TA-GW vaccine for genital warts.

CATHAY PACIFIC advertisement featuring a large image of a plane and the text 'The Heart of Asia'.

LEICA advertisement featuring a quote: 'One day I took a look for myself through the camera's rangefinder. I discovered a whole new world.' and an image of a Leica camera.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Uncertainty over Emu haunts Europe

By Samer Iskander in London and Lisa Brand in New York

European bonds traded quietly yesterday, still haunted by the threat of a rise in volatility as uncertainty over European monetary union remained strong.

Mr Kevin Darlington, an economist at ABN Amro Hoare Govett, believes the data make a further cut in the UK base rate increasingly likely.

GOVERNMENT BONDS

Mr Darlington also said that although such a move might be beneficial to short-term interest rates, the yield curve would almost certainly steepen quite sharply, causing losses on bonds with long maturities.

yield spreads over bonds tightened by 1 and 3 basis points respectively to 324 and 265 points. But observers felt the medium-term trend was still more likely to be towards divergence.

Weakness in recent economic data has persuaded many on Wall Street that the Federal Reserve will not raise interest rates later this month, but questions remain about the course of monetary policy through to the end of the year.

Swaps widen market for volatility trading

By Antonia Sharpe

Once the preserve of "rocket scientists" and mathematics professors employed by the more esoteric investment houses, volatility trading could open up to mainstream fund managers if "volatility swaps", such as one structured last month by NatWest Markets, catch on.

backed up by expensive computers, which track the volatility embedded in options markets and which can forecast future volatility. It is also mainly conducted on an over-the-counter basis, which is out of bounds for the many fund managers obliged to trade only in listed products.

DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Such restrictions have impeded the more sophisticated fund manager, who increasingly regards volatility as an asset class in its own right, from accessing the market. Advocates of volatility trading say it enhances returns and offers protection against a sudden fall in financial markets.

When the swap was taken out, the implied volatility in the contract was about 13% per cent, a level which, given believed was too high, given that the historical volatility of the index was 11 per cent.

Since swaps cannot be listed on an exchange, NatWest devised a "put" warrant structure listed in Luxembourg which allowed F&C to enter into the transaction. NatWest issued "put" warrants on the volatility of the underlying S&P contract to F&C, with the latter paying an up-front premium of 13% per cent. F&C will get back its premium plus a certain amount. If volatility rises above 13% per cent, NatWest will pay back the premium minus a certain amount.

Broad-based demand for Bayerische Landesbank

By Antonia Sharpe

The widely-expected \$500m five-year eurobond offering from Bayerische Landesbank was the main feature of the international bond market yesterday.

the Middle East and Switzerland, adding that some reported to have been invited by institutional investors out of old five-year eurobonds.

New international bond issues

Table with columns: Issuer, Amount, Coupon, Price, Maturity, Yield, Spread, Book-runner. Includes entries for US Dollars, Swiss Francs, and Australian Dollars.

Libor plus 225 basis points, down from more than 400 points on the original issue.

Deutsche Börse to use Internet

By John Duddy

The Deutsche Börse is to offer clients access to banking services on the Internet. DGW, the Börse's banking services division, is to launch the service, developed at a cost of about DM1m, in December.

enabling their customers to query securities accounts and place orders for securities transactions. The orders would be routed electronically to the depository and then to the exchange.

account but also receive statistics and graphic presentations to support their decision to buy or sell. The exchange said the service would supply banks with support for on-line banking and would combine existing safety standards for securities transactions with the information capabilities of the World Wide Web.

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

standards five-year eurobonds issued by other triple-A-rated borrowers, such as the Council of Europe and Japan's Exim Bank, which traded yesterday at a yield spread of about 11 basis points over Treasuries.

Joint lead manager CSFB said it was pleasantly surprised by the sales made yesterday in the UK, Germany, and other main event of

the first pooled debt issue of seven of Germany's 16 regional states. The DM40n 10-year domestic bond offering was priced to yield 17 basis points over bonds.

Continued demand for high-yielding paper prompted Lithuania to raise \$50m by re-opening last December's \$90m debut two-year eurobond offering.

Libor plus 225 basis points, down from more than 400 points on the original issue. Lead manager Nomura said the tighter spread reflected the shorter duration of the bonds and the improved credit situation in Lithuania.

WORLD BOND PRICES

Table with columns: Country, Coupon, Maturity, Price, Yield, Change. Includes Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, UK Gilts, US Treasury, and ECU (France Govt).

BOND FUTURES AND OPTIONS

Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Change, High, Low, Est. vol., Open Int. Includes US Treasury, UK Gilts, and various international bond futures.

FT-ACTUARIES FIXED INTEREST INDICES

Table with columns: Index, Price Index, Yield, Change, High, Low. Includes UK Gilts, US Treasury, and various international fixed interest indices.

FT/ISIA INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Table with columns: Issued, Bid, Offer, Chg, Yield. Lists various international bonds with their current market prices and yields.

US INTEREST RATES

Table with columns: Instrument, Rate, Change. Lists US Treasury bills and bond yields for various maturities.

UK GILTS PRICES

Table with columns: Maturity, Price, Yield, Change. Lists UK government bond prices and yields for various maturities.

OTHER FIXED INTEREST

Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Yield, Change. Lists various international fixed interest instruments.

CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Yield, Change. Lists various convertible bond instruments.

FRANCE

Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Yield, Change. Lists French government bonds and futures.

GERMANY

Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Yield, Change. Lists German government bonds and futures.

SPAIN

Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Yield, Change. Lists Spanish government bonds and futures.

ITALY

Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Yield, Change. Lists Italian government bonds and futures.

NETS

Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Yield, Change. Lists various international bond issues.

NETS

Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Yield, Change. Lists various international bond issues.

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Table with columns: Instrument, Price, Yield, Change. Lists various international bond issues.

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CURRENCIES AND MONEY

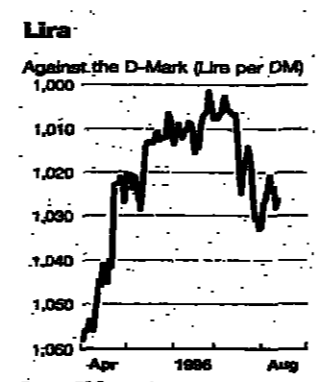
MARKETS REPORT

Markets steady as rumours are laid to rest

By Richard Adams
The Bundesbank's leading officials yesterday took advantage of a quiet trading day to play down expectations of a looming cut in the repo rate and possible delays in the timetable for European monetary union.

against the US dollar in London at DM1.4783, from DM1.4784, and at Y73.91 from Y73.1297.

dollar is not expected to move much ahead of next week's Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) on August 20 and the next Bundesbank council meeting on August 22.



Mr Issing said in an interview with Die Welt newspaper. Mr Issing said a cut in leading interest rates would not provide a solution to Germany's problems, which he said were structural rather than monetary.

But some analysts say the Bank of Canada could cut rates again, for the seventh time this year, if inflation data on Friday proves to be weaker than expected.

POUND SPOT FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

Table with columns: Ag 12, Closing mid-point, Change on day, Bid/offer spread, Day's mid high, One month Rate, Three months Rate, One year Rate, Bank of England Index.

DOLLAR SPOT FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

Table with columns: Ag 12, Closing mid-point, Change on day, Bid/offer spread, Day's mid high, One month Rate, Three months Rate, One year Rate, J.P. Morgan Index.

THREE MONTH EURO CURRENCY FUTURES (LFF) DM1m points of 100%

Table with columns: Open, Settle, Price, Change, High, Low, Est. vol, Open int.

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Table with columns: Open, Settle, Price, Change, High, Low, Est. vol, Open int.

WORLD INTEREST RATES

Table with columns: August 12, One night, One month, Three months, Six months, One year, Lomb Inter., Dis. Rate, Repo Rate.

EURO CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

Table with columns: August 12, Short term, 7 days notice, One month, Three months, Six months, One year.

CROSS RATES AND DERIVATIVES

Table with columns: Aug 12, BFR, DMK, FRF, DM, EC, L, FI, Nkr, Sfr, C, CS, S, Y, Ecu.

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

Table with columns: Aug 12, BFR, DMK, FRF, DM, EC, L, FI, Nkr, Sfr, C, CS, S, Y, Ecu.

D-MARK FUTURES (MM) DM 125,000 per DM

Table with columns: Open, Latest, Change, High, Low, Est. vol, Open int.

JAPANESE YEN FUTURES (MM) Yen 12.5 per Yen 100

Table with columns: Open, Latest, Change, High, Low, Est. vol, Open int.

STERLING FUTURES (MM) £50,000 per £

Table with columns: Open, Latest, Change, High, Low, Est. vol, Open int.

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

Table with columns: Aug 12, Ecu cent, Rate against Ecu, Change on day, % from v. weakest ind.

NON ERM MEMBERS

Table with columns: Country, Rate, Change, % from v. weakest ind.

UK INTEREST RATES

Table with columns: One night, One month, Three months, Six months, One year.

LONDON MONEY RATES

Table with columns: One night, One month, Three months, Six months, One year.

THREE MONTH STERLING FUTURES (LFF) £500,000 points of 100%

Table with columns: Open, Settle, Price, Change, High, Low, Est. vol, Open int.

SHORT STERLING OPTIONS (LFF) £500,000 points of 100%

Table with columns: Strike, Price, Call, Put, Change, High, Low, Est. vol, Open int.

THREE MONTH EURO DOLLAR (MM) \$1m points of 100%

Table with columns: Open, Settle, Price, Change, High, Low, Est. vol, Open int.

US TREASURY BILL FUTURES (MM) \$1m per 100%

Table with columns: Open, Settle, Price, Change, High, Low, Est. vol, Open int.

BASE LENDING RATES

Table with columns: Bank, Rate, Currency.

BASE LENDING RATES

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BASE LENDING RATES

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Advertisement for Boston Global Advisors, Inc. featuring the Goldman Sachs logo and text: 'The Goldman Sachs Trust Company has acquired BOSTON GLOBAL ADVISORS Boston Global Advisors, Inc. Boston Global Advisors provides agency securities lending services to institutional investors worldwide.'

BASE LENDING RATES

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BASE LENDING RATES

Table with columns: Bank, Rate, Currency.

Offshore Funds and Insurances

FT Cityline Unit Trust Prices are available over the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help Desk on (44 71) 879 4978 for more details.

FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE

LUXEMBOURG

Main table containing fund names, descriptions, and prices for various Luxembourg-based funds. Includes sub-sections like 'LUXEMBOURG (SIS RECOGNISED)', 'LUXEMBOURG (SIS RECOGNISED)', and 'LUXEMBOURG (SIS RECOGNISED)'. Each entry lists fund names, their objectives, and current prices.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page: '150 000 000'.

OTHER OFFSHORE FUNDS

صندوق الاستثمار

FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE

Offshore Insurances and Other Funds

FT Cityline Unit Trust Prices are available over the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help Desk on (+44 171) 878 4978 for more details.

Main table containing various fund listings with columns for Fund Name, Price, and other financial metrics. Includes sub-sections like 'Global Asset Management - Contd.', 'Global Investment Funds', 'Global Equity Funds', etc.

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OTHER OFFSHORE FUNDS

Table listing various offshore funds with columns for Fund Name, Price, and other financial metrics.

MANAGED FUNDS NOTES: Please refer to the notes on page 22 for details on the fund's investment objectives, risks, charges, and other important information.

LONDON SHARE SERVICE

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

BANKS, MERCHANT

BANKS, RETAIL

BREWERIES, PUBS & REST

BREWERIES, PUBS & REST

BREWERIES, PUBS & REST

BUILDING & CONSTRUCTION

BUILDING & CONSTRUCTION

BUILDING & CONSTRUCTION

BUILDING MATS. & MERCHANTS

BUILDING MATS. & MERCHANTS

BUILDING MATS. & MERCHANTS

CHEMICALS

CHEMICALS

CHEMICALS - Cont.

CHEMICALS - Cont.

DISTRIBUTORS

DISTRIBUTORS

DIWERSIFIED INDUSTRIALS

DIWERSIFIED INDUSTRIALS

ELECTRICITY

ELECTRICITY

ELECTRONIC & ELECTRICAL EQPT

ELECTRONIC & ELECTRICAL EQPT

ELECTRONIC & ELECTRICAL EQPT

ELECTRONIC & ELECTRICAL EQPT - Cont.

ELECTRONIC & ELECTRICAL EQPT - Cont.

ENGINEERING

ENGINEERING

ENGINEERING

ENGINEERING - Cont.

ENGINEERING - Cont.

ENGINEERING, VEHICLES

ENGINEERING, VEHICLES

EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES

EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES

EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES

EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES - Cont.

EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES - Cont.

EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES

EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES

EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES

FOOD PRODUCERS - Cont.

FOOD PRODUCERS - Cont.

FOOD PRODUCERS

FOOD PRODUCERS

FOOD PRODUCERS

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

HOUSEHOLD GOODS - Cont.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS - Cont.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

INSURANCE

INSURANCE

INSURANCE

INSURANCE

INSURANCE

INSURANCE

INVESTMENT TRUSTS - Cont.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS - Cont.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

INVESTMENT TRUSTS

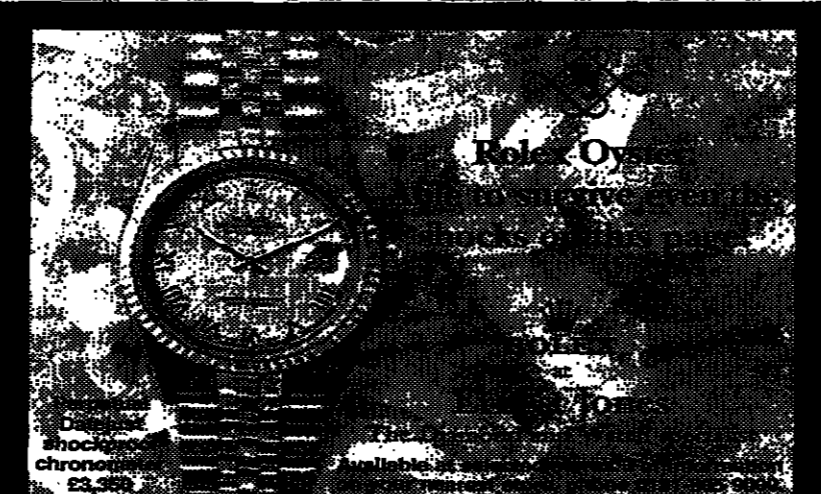
INVESTMENT TRUSTS

INV TRUSTS SPLIT CAPITAL

INV TRUSTS SPLIT CAPITAL

INV TRUSTS SPLIT CAPITAL

INV TRUSTS SPLIT CAPITAL



ENGINEERING - Cont.

ENGINEERING - Cont.

FOOD PRODUCERS - Cont.

FOOD PRODUCERS - Cont.

FOOD PRODUCERS

FOOD PRODUCERS

FOOD PRODUCERS

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

INSURANCE

INSURANCE

INSURANCE

INSURANCE

INV TRUSTS SPLIT CAPITAL

INV TRUSTS SPLIT CAPITAL

INV TRUSTS SPLIT CAPITAL

INV TRUSTS SPLIT CAPITAL

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INV TRUSTS SPLIT CAPITAL - Cont.

Table listing investment trusts with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

OTHER INVESTMENT TRUSTS

Table listing other investment trusts with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Table listing investment companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

LEISURE & HOTELS

Table listing leisure and hotels companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

LEISURE & HOTELS - Cont.

Table listing leisure and hotels companies (continued).

LIFE ASSURANCE

Table listing life assurance companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

MEDIA

Table listing media companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

OIL EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION

Table listing oil exploration and production companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

OIL, INTEGRATED

Table listing integrated oil companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

OTHER FINANCIAL

Table listing other financial companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

PAPER, PACKAGING & PRINTING

Table listing paper, packaging and printing companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

PROPERTY - Cont.

Table listing property companies (continued).

RETAILERS, FOOD

Table listing food retailers with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

RETAILERS, GENERAL

Table listing general retailers with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

PHARMACEUTICALS

Table listing pharmaceutical companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

PROPERTY

Table listing property companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

PROPERTY - Cont.

Table listing property companies (continued).

SUPPORT SERVICES

Table listing support services companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

PROPERTY - Cont.

Table listing property companies (continued).

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Table listing food retailers with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

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Table listing general retailers with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

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PROPERTY - Cont.

Table listing property companies (continued).

SUPPORT SERVICES

Table listing support services companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Table listing telecommunications companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

TEXTILES & APPAREL

Table listing textiles and apparel companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

TOBACCO

Table listing tobacco companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

TRANSPORT

Table listing transport companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

WATER

Table listing water companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

WATER

Table listing water companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

WATER

Table listing water companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

AIM - Cont.

Table listing AIM companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

AMERICANS

Table listing American companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

CANADIANS

Table listing Canadian companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

SOUTH AFRICANS

Table listing South African companies with columns for Name, Price, and % Change.

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GUIDE TO LONDON SHARE SERVICE

Prices for the London Share Service delivered by FT Stock, a member of the Financial Times Group. Company classifications are based on those used for the FT-SE 100 Index.

FT Free Annual Reports Service: You can obtain the current annual/interim report of any company associated with the FT Cityline service.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

MARKET REPORT

FT-SE 100 index holds on to the 3,800 level

By Philip Coggan, Markets Editor

A combination of stocks going ex-dividend, the fall in BAT Industries after a US court ruling on tobacco and a weak start on Wall Street combined to send shares in London lower yesterday.

The FT-SE Mid-250, unburdened by some of the special factors that hit Footsie, managed a 7.4 point rise to 4,331.9.

A good set of producer price numbers, which once again showed no immediate inflationary threat, gave a modest lift to sentiment. By mid-morning, Footsie was showing a modest 0.3 point gain.

In the afternoon, the UK market had to struggle against Wall Street, where the Dow Jones Industrial Average was around 27 points lower by the close of London trading.

The case hit home in the UK as well, where shares in BAT Industries - whose Browns & Williams unit was the subject of the court case - were the worst performers in Footsie.

Another piece of news from the US to affect the London market was the decision of Houston Industries to purchase NorAm, a US gas company, for \$3.8bn.

Houston had long been rumoured as a bidder for one of the remaining independent regional electricity companies and Rec stocks suffered in consequence.

Tobacco scares hit BAT

BAT Industries tumbled to its lowest level for more than a year, took more than eight points off the value of Footsie, and contained the seemingly relentless slide of leading conglomerates.

BAT's performance this year renders it one of a troubled trio alongside Hanson and BTR. While the problems of all three are distinct, they have left investors with a liking for conglomerates feeling less than happy.

Hanson has underperformed the broad market by almost 30 per cent this year and yesterday dribbled off 3 1/2 to 165p, even though its Imperial Tobacco arm does not operate in the US.

Shares in selected stores moved smartly forward ahead of today's latest figures from the British Retail Consortium. Last month, the trade body reported that like-for-like sales leapt by 7 per cent in June against the same period last year, and there are expectations of a similarly hefty increase for July.

Regulatory worries overhang National Grid and British Gas ahead of anticipated pronouncements this week.

There is speculation that the electricity regulator will today impose a one-off price cut of 20 per cent on the Grid and cap future price rises at inflation minus five per cent.

Meanwhile, Gas lost 4 to 165 1/2 ahead of the pricing review on its Transco pipeline business, which accounts for most of the company's cashflow, profits and dividend.

Among food retailers, J. Sainsbury ticked up 4 to 359p following reiterated buy advice from SGST.

The broker feels that the group, which has showed up well in recent market share statistics, is now firmly back on the road to a more settled period of trading.

Takeover gossip in support services, severely deflated by Hays' recent failure to clinch a deal with Christian Salvessen, returned yesterday.

News that British Data Management was in bid talks sent the shares up 14 to 184p.

News that Pifco Holdings is set to announce the marketing of a new, flat-tenement electric kettle, boosted the A voting shares 31 to 251p.

Shares in Pearson recovered more of their recent losses, on the back of positive comment in the Sunday press and a short squeeze on the stock.

Shares in the tobacco and insurance group fell 45 to 464p - inclusive of 12.5p of gross dividend - their second tobacco-related hit this year.

Regional electricity stocks were out of favour as the market registered its disappointment that Houston Industries of the US has taken its cash elsewhere.

Houston said it had signed a definitive agreement to acquire NorAm Energy Corp in a transaction with a total value of \$3.8bn.

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CONTRACTS & TENDERS

ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY INVITATION FOR PREQUALIFICATION (P.Q.)

FT-SE 100 3803.3 -7.4 FT-SE Mid 250 4331.9 +7.2 FT-SE-A 350 1905.5 +7.2 FT-SE-A All-Share 1892.95 -1.91 FT-SE-A All-Share yield 3.51 3.91

Best performing sectors 1 Extractive Inds +0.8 2 Retailers +0.7 3 Property +0.6 4 Alcoholic Beverages +0.5 5 Engineering: Vehicles +0.5

Worst performing sectors 1 Tobacco -0.8 2 Gas Distribution -1.3 3 Consumer Goods -1.2 4 Pharmaceuticals -1.0 5 Engineering: Vehicles -0.4

FT-SE 100 INDEX FUTURES (LFFE) £25 per full index point. Open 3804.0 3811.0 3821.0 3799.0 3815.0 3815.0

FT-SE 100 INDEX OPTION (LFFE) £10 per full index point. Open 3800 3790 3780 3770 3760 3750

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Hourly movements. FT-SE 100 3796.4 3792.6 3804.8 3808.6 3809.9 3807.2 3806.5 3800.3 3802.9 3811.8 3792.4

FT-SE Actuarial Share Indices. FT-SE 100 3803.3 -7.4 FT-SE Mid 250 4331.9 +7.2 FT-SE-A 350 1905.5 +7.2 FT-SE-A All-Share 1892.95 -1.91 FT-SE-A All-Share yield 3.51 3.91

FT-SE Actuarial All-Share. FT-SE 100 3803.3 -7.4 FT-SE Mid 250 4331.9 +7.2 FT-SE-A 350 1905.5 +7.2 FT-SE-A All-Share 1892.95 -1.91 FT-SE-A All-Share yield 3.51 3.91

Trading Volume. Major Stocks Yesterday. Vol. Close Day's % Chg

ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY INVITATION FOR PREQUALIFICATION (P.Q.)

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Highs & Lows shown on a 52 week basis

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Table of stock market data for various regions including Europe, Asia, and the Americas. Columns include region, stock index, and price changes.

EUROPE (Aug 12 / Sch)

Table of European stock market data including indices like DAX, CAC 40, and Nikkei.

ASIA (Aug 12 / Traded)

Table of Asian stock market data including indices like Nikkei, Hang Seng, and ASX.

AMERICAS (Aug 12 / Traded)

Table of American stock market data including indices like S&P 500, Dow Jones, and Nikkei.

Africa & Middle East (Aug 12 / Traded)

Table of African and Middle Eastern stock market data including indices like JSE and TSE.

Other Markets (Aug 12 / Traded)

Table of other international stock market data including indices like BSE and SSE.

Advertisement for Pergrine featuring an eagle logo and the text 'The Originator. Peregrine, the specialists in Asian corporate finance and the world's #1 bookrunner of Asian equity issues in 1996.'

RELATIONS/DEVELOPING (Aug 12 / Fx)

Table of foreign exchange rates for various currencies.

COMMODITIES (Aug 12 / Fx)

Table of commodity prices for various goods like oil, metals, and grains.

INDEXES

Table of various stock indices including S&P 500, Dow Jones, Nikkei, and others.

SPAIN (Aug 12 / Fx)

Table of Spanish stock market data including indices like IBEX.

PACIFIC

Table of Pacific stock market data including indices like Nikkei, ASX, and others.

NEW ZEALAND (Aug 12 / NZS)

Table of New Zealand stock market data including indices like NZSE.

MONTREAL (Aug 12 / Can S)

Table of Montreal stock market data including indices like TSX.

INDICES (continued)

Table of stock indices including S&P 500, Dow Jones, Nikkei, and others.

US INDICES

Table of US stock market indices including S&P 500, Dow Jones, and others.

US INDICES (continued)

Table of US stock market indices including S&P 500, Dow Jones, and others.

INDICES (continued)

Table of stock indices including S&P 500, Dow Jones, Nikkei, and others.

INDICES (continued)

Table of stock indices including S&P 500, Dow Jones, Nikkei, and others.

INDEX FUTURES

Table of index futures prices for various markets.

INDEX FUTURES (continued)

Table of index futures prices for various markets.

INDEX FUTURES (continued)

Table of index futures prices for various markets.

INDEX FUTURES (continued)

Table of index futures prices for various markets.

INDEX FUTURES (continued)

Table of index futures prices for various markets.

Notes and footnotes regarding data sources, rounding, and market conditions.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

4 pm Close August 12

Main table of stock prices with columns for stock symbols, prices, and changes. Includes sections for NYSE, OTC, and various market indices.

BE OUR GUEST. ROYAL. When you stay with us in LUXEMBOURG stay in touch with your complimentary copy of the FINANCIAL TIMES.

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Continued on next page

NYSE PRICES

Table of NYSE stock prices including columns for stock name, price, and change. Includes sub-sections for 'A-Z' and 'X-Y-Z'.

NASDAQ NATIONAL MARKET

Table of NASDAQ National Market stock prices including columns for stock name, price, and change. Includes sub-sections for 'A-Z' and 'X-Y-Z'.

AMEX PRICES

Table of AMEX stock prices including columns for stock name, price, and change.

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AMERICA

Philip Morris Seita holds, but franc weakness hits Paris slide takes Dow lower

Wall Street

A fall in the share price of Philip Morris sent the Dow Jones Industrial Average lower in early trading yesterday, writes Lisa Bransten in New York.

At 1pm the Dow Jones Industrial Average was off 28.85 at 5,652.46, while the more broadly based Standard & Poor's 500 had lost 3.03 at 659.07.

Shares in most other leading tobacco companies had also fallen on Friday, and continued to fall yesterday.

Technology shares were mostly weaker with the Nasdaq composite giving up 5.86

São Paulo weakens

The expiry of options in SAO PAULO later this week was making itself felt, while the interim results released by Telebras over the weekend, which had come within expectations, had little effect on trade.

Telebras, the state telecommunications holding company which has a dominant market capitalisation, said over the weekend that first half profits had risen by more than 300 per cent compared with the same 1995 period.

Buenos Aires was lower at midday, as the Merval index slipped 5.49 or 1 per cent to 530.13.

EUROPE

European tobacco stocks were not all flattened by the award against Brown & Williamson in the US last Friday. In Spain, Tabacalera lost another Pta120 at Pta4,990, and in Switzerland Richemont shed Sfr50 at Sfr1,850.

The French equity market also pulled itself out of session lows, with the CAC-40 index ending the day at 11,377 at 1,978.17, after a strike in 1,970.23 earlier.

The weakness of the franc remained uppermost in people's minds, while a batch of first half corporate sales data excited minimal interest, with most of the figures coming within expectations.

ASIA PACIFIC

Shenzhen off 8% on fears of B share restrictions

Rumours that the regulatory authorities in Beijing were to prohibit mainland Chinese investors from buying B shares were reflected in SHENZHEN, where the index tumbled by nearly 8 per cent.

Although brokers said that they had not received official confirmation of the move, which would effectively bar domestic investors from trading the foreign currency-denominated B shares, many investors took flight.

Habman Peari River Enterprise showed the session's biggest loss, down 30 cents, or 14 per cent, to HK\$1.50, while Shenzhen International Enterprise, a retailer, fell 35 cents to HK\$2.35.

The A index moved higher amid speculation on a possible cut in interest rates, up 4.62, or 1.6 per cent, at 284.56. SHANGHAI followed its own agenda and was led higher on heavy trading in Shanghai Worldbest, a textile manufacturer, while the construction sector also performed well.

The B index rose 0.28 to 63.50 in turnover of HK\$10.01m. Analysts were cautious on market prospects, noting that trading activity was being dominated by domestic investors, while foreign institutions remained mostly absent.

Worldbest gained 0.3 cents to 28.6 cents in volume of 10.5m shares. Construction shares were boosted by expectations of a recovery in the property market.

Industrials ease in S Africa

Industrials retreated just before the close as investors tracked movements on Wall Street. Gold shares performed well, however, in spite of a decline in the price for bullion.

The overall index gained 2.6 to 6,668.5, the industrial index fell 7.5 to 7,896.1 and the gold index rose 12.9 to 1,795.6.

FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices

Table with columns: Aug 12, Hourly change, Open, 10.30, 11.00, 12.00, 13.00, 14.00, 15.00, Close. Rows include FT-SE Eurotech 100, FT-SE Eurotech 200, FT-SE Eurotech 300.

Quarter results from the truckmaker and engineer within the next week or two. They might also have been depressed by weak order figures from the German engineering industry.

ZURICH had mixed pickings in financials as the SMI index fell 20.1 to 3,623.1, SBC rising Sfr2.25 to Sfr241.25 ahead of tomorrow's half year figures.

MAN lost DM6.90, or 2.4 per cent, at DM356.00. Mr Theo Kitz at Merck Finck in Düsseldorf said that traders were anticipating second

Shenzhen off 8% on fears of B share restrictions

In London, the ISE/Nikkei 50 index rose 0.33 to 1401.09. Higher bond prices, thanks to receding worries over an imminent rise in the official discount rate by the Bank of Japan, also helped share prices.

Investors who bought the stock as a beneficiary of a rebound in the economy were taking profits, said traders. High-technology stocks were higher. Toshiba rose Y13 to Y28, Hitachi Y10 to Y1,030 and NEC Y40 to Y1,180.

In Osaka, the OSE average fell 55.57 to 21,533.63 in volume of 124.2m shares. Kanebatsu NKK, a speculative favourite, plunged Y350 to Y2,290.

The stock was sold heavily in the morning session triggering profit-taking in other speculative shares.

Roundup A significant slide in Telecom put pressure on WEL-LINGTON, the NZSE-40 capital index losing 28.93, or 1.3 per cent, to 2,120.34 in turnover of NZ\$29m.

Telecom, down 14 cents at NZ\$6.36, was affected mainly by profit-taking following a recent rally to NZ\$6.77.

HONG KONG rose strongly on gains in the property sector in advance of results. The Hang Seng index put on 77.85 to 11,181.88 in turnover of HK\$3.9bn.

Bank of East Asia went against the trend, down 30 cents to HK\$28.90 ahead of today's interim results.

BOMBAY extended its recent decline in light volume, with the BSE 30-share index 38.76 lower at 3,468.98 on the tougher margins imposed by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

The SREI said on Friday that it was extending the mark-to-market deposit margin system to all 23 bourses across India - as against only a few screen-based bourses currently - to curb excessive speculation and prevent payment defaults.

Under mark-to-market margins, brokers are required to deposit their notional losses at the end of each day with their respective bourses. Indian bourses are closed on Thursday for Independence Day and quiet markets, said dealers, were likely to prompt investors to take four days off.

SINGAPORE was depressed by slower GDP growth and a loss at Creative Technology, which dragged down other electronics stocks. The Straits Times Industrial Index fell 13.39 to 2,115.65, with Creative 55 cents, or 9.1 per cent, lower at S\$5.50.

MARKETS IN PERSPECTIVE. Table with columns: Country, % change in local currency, % change in US \$, % change in US \$ T. Rows include Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, UK, EUROPE, Australia, Hong Kong, Japan, Malaysia, New Zealand, Singapore, USA, Mexico, South Africa, WORLD INDEX.

FT/S&P ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

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NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS. Table with columns: Country, US Dollar, Pound, Yen, DM, Local Currency, % chg on day, US Dollar, Pound, Yen, DM, Local Currency, % chg on day. Rows include Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Philippines, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, United Kingdom, USA, Americas, Europe, Nordic, Pacific Basin, Euro-Pacific, North America, World Ex. UK, Pacific Ex. Japan, World Ex. UK, World Ex. Japan.

Medya Holding International Limited. US \$25,000,000. 10 per cent. Guaranteed Exchangeable Notes due 2001. Medya Holding A.S. Sabah Yayincilik A.S. Issue Price: 99.80 per cent. ING Barings, Global Securities Inc. June 1996.

Beers bulls in Russia's plan diamond cart. Advertisement for diamonds and jewelry.

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